COMPENDIUM OF INTERNATIONAL METHODS OF ANALYSIS FOR VINEGARS Determination of the fixed acidity content (Type II)

Method OIV-MA-VI-02: R2000

Type II method

Determination of the fixed acidity content in vinegars

(OENO 53/2000)

1. Definition

The fixed acidity of a vinegar refers to all the fixed (non-volatile) acids titled in the presence of phenolphthalein in an alcoholic solution, used as indicator.

2. Principle

Elimination of volatile substances from the vinegar by evaporation. Neutralization of the (non-volatile) acids of the residue in an aqueous solution using an alkali solution.

3. Reagents

3.1. Sodium hydroxide solution 0.1 M

3.2. Indicator - alcoholic solution of phenolphthalein at 1 g per 100 ml.

In a calibrated 100 ml flask, dissolve 1 g of phenolphthalein with a sufficient quality of ethanol at 95% (v/v) and bring up to the line.

4. Equipment and utensils

Standard laboratory equipment including:

4.1. Water bath at 100 °C

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4.2. 200 ml capacity porcelain capsules.

5. Preparation of sample

Homogenize the sample by stirring and filter if necessary.

6. Technique

In a 200 ml porcelain capsule, add 10 ml of vinegar. In a water bath at 100 °C, evaporate until dry. Add 5 to 10 ml of water. Evaporate again until dry. Repeat this step five times, add approximately 180 ml of recently boiled and cooled water, add a few drops of indicator (3.2) and title with the sodium hydroxide solution (3.1) until a persistent pink color is obtained.

7. Results

7.1. Calculation

Considering:

• V to be the volume in ml of the sodium hydroxide solution using in titling.

The fixed acidity content expressed in grams of acetic acid per l of sample is given by

• 0.6 V.

7.2. Presentation

Round off the results expressed in grams of acetic acid by L, to the nearest decimal.

8. Interlaboratory validation (Hitos *et al.*, 2000)

Units: % (m/V)

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Sample	r	S _r	RSDr	R	S _R	RSD _R	RSD _R	Horrat
							(Horwitz)	Index
1 - 0.17% (m/v)	1.0125	0.004	2.69	0.0428	0.015	9.18	5.22	1.76
2 - 0.17% (m/v)	0.0103	0.004	2.19	0.0431	0.015	9.15	5.22	1.75
3 - 0.08% (m/v)	0.0103	0.004	4.88	0.0201	0.007	9.57	5.85	1.64
4 - 0.07% (m/v)	0.0083	0.003	4.20	0.0246	0.009	12.38	5.97	2.07
5 - 0.08% (m/v)	0.0077	0.003	3.26	0.0285	0.010	12.11	5.85	2.07

9. Bibliography

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- 4. Llaguno C. et Polo M.G., 1991. *El Vinagre de Vino*, Consejo Superior de Investigaciones Cientificas, Madrid, Spain.

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