Amendment to the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Food Sanitation Act and the Specifications and Standards for Foods, Food Additives, Etc.

The government of Japan will designate dipotassium DL-tartrate as an authorized food additive and establish compositional specifications and use standards for this additive.

#### **Background**

Japan prohibits the sale of food additives that are not designated by the Minister of Health, Labour and Welfare (hereinafter referred to as "the Minister") under Article 12 of the Food Sanitation Act (Act No. 233 of 1947; hereinafter referred to as "the Act"). In addition, when specifications or standards for food additives are stipulated in the Specifications and Standards for Foods, Food Additives, Etc. (Public Notice of the Ministry of Health and Welfare No. 370, 1959), Japan prohibits the sale of those additives unless they meet the specifications or the standards pursuant to Article 13 of the Act.

In response to a request from the Minister, the Committee on Food Additives of the Food Sanitation Council under the Pharmaceutical Affairs and Food Sanitation Council (hereinafter referred to as "the Committee") has discussed the adequacy of the designation of dipotassium DL-tartrate as a food additive. The conclusion of the Committee is outlined below.

## Outline of conclusion

The Minister should designate dipotassium DL-tartrate as a food additive unlikely to cause harm to human health pursuant to Article 12 of the Act and should establish compositional specifications and use standards for this additive pursuant to Article 13 of the Act (see Attachment for the details).

#### Attachment

# Dipotassium DL-Tartrate DL-酒石酸カリウム

## Standards for Use (draft)

Permitted for use in grape wine only.

## Compositional Specifications (draft)

Substance Name Dipotassium DL-Tartrate

#### Structural Formula

Molecular Formula C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>4</sub>K<sub>2</sub>O<sub>6</sub>

Molecular Weight 226.27

#### Chemical Name

Dipotassium (2RS,3RS)-2,3-dihydroxybutanedioate

#### **Definition**

Dipotassium DL-Tartrate is a mixture of equal amounts of dipotassium L-tartrate and dipotassium D-tartrate.

**Description** Dipotassium DL-Tartrate occurs as colorless to white crystals, powder, or granules.

#### Identification

- (1) A solution of Dipotassium DL-Tartrate (1 in 10) shows no optical activity.
- (2) Dipotassium DL-Tartrate responds to test (1) for Potassium Salt and to all the tests for Tartrate in the Qualitative Tests.

### **Purity**

(1) <u>Lead</u> Not more than 5 µg/g as Pb (0.80 g, Method 3, Control Solution: Lead Standard Solution 4.0 mL, Flame Method).

- (2) <u>Arsenic</u> Not more than 3 µg/g as As (0.50 g, Method 1, Standard Color: Arsenic Standard Solution 3.0 mL, Apparatus B).
  - (3) Oxalate Not more than 100 μg/g as C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>.

*Test Solution* Weigh 0.100 g of Dipotassium DL-Tartrate, previously dried, and add sulfuric acid TS (0.01 mol/L) to dissolve it and to make exactly 20 mL.

Control Solution Weigh 0.140 g of oxalic acid dihydrate, and add sulfuric acid TS (0.01 mol/L) to dissolve it and to make exactly 1000 mL. To exactly 1 mL of this solution, add sulfuric acid TS (0.01 mol/L) to make exactly 200 mL.

Procedure Analyze 10-µL portions of the test solution and the control solution by liquid chromatography using the operating conditions given below. Measure the peak area of oxalic acid for each of the test and control solutions by the automatic integration method. The peak area for the test solution is not greater than that for the control solution.

#### Operating Conditions

Detector: Ultraviolet spectrophotometer (wavelength: 210 nm).

Column: A stainless steel tube (6–8 mm internal diameter and 30 cm length). If necessary, two connected columns may be used.

Column packing material: 8-µm H-form cation-exchange resin for liquid chromatography.

Guard column: Use a column with the same internal diameter that is packed with the same packing material as for the column above.

Column temperature: 50°C.

Eluent: Sulfuric acid TS (0.01 mol/L).

Flow rate: 0.6 mL/min.

Loss on Drying Not more than 4.0% (105°C, 4 hours).

**Storage Standards** Store in an air-tight container.

## Reagents, Solutions, and Other Reference Materials

Sulfuric Acid TS (0.01 mol/L) Add water to 10 mL of sulfuric acid TS (1 mol/L) to make 1000 mL. (This reagent has been already provided in the draft compositional specifications for Dipotassium L-Tartrate.)